# **HISTORY - ORDINARY LEVEL**

(400 marks)

THURSDAY, 8 JUNE - AFTERNOON, 2.00 - 5.20

Answer from ONE COURSE ONLY (Course I or Course II).

The recommended maximum time for each question should be taken to include time for reading and revision.

## COURSE I

# Renaissance Civilisation (Irish History, 1477-1625; European History, 1453-1618)

Answer ALL the questions A,B,C,D,E,F.

A, B and C refer to Irish history; D, E and F to European history.

#### Α

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- 1. Why was the Pale important in Ireland in Tudor times?
- Explain EACH of TWO of the following: bard; file; kern; gallowglas.
- **3.** What part did Lambert Simnel or Perkin Warbeck play in Irish history?
- **4.** Why was the Geraldine League set up in 1536?
- 5. What was the law of deirbhfhine in Ireland during the period of your course?
- **6.** What was an Act of Attainder in Tudor times?
- Mention ONE method by which the Tudors planned to anglicise Ireland.
- **8.** What type of information is to be found in the *Desmond Survey*, 1584?

- 9. Why were some of the survivors of the Spanish Armada, who landed in Ireland, treated badly?
- **10.** What part was played by Gráinne (Grace) O'Malley in the history of Connacht?
- 11. Why did Sir John Perrot arrest Red Hugh O'Donnell in 1587?
- **12.** Why were Irish colleges set up on the continent in the late sixteenth century?
- **13.** Name ONE Gaelic family and ONE Anglo-Irish family in 16<sup>th</sup> century Ireland.
- **14.** Explain, briefly, why Antrim and Down were not included in the Ulster plantation.
- **15.** What were the Annals of the Four Masters?

В

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. Why Gearóid Mór, 8th Earl of Kildare, was so powerful.
- 2. Silken Thomas.
- The downfall of Shane O'Neill.

- **4.** The mission of Fr. David Wolfe, S.J., to Ireland, 1561 1572.
- **5.** The Plantation of Munster.
- **6.** The Treaty of Mellifont, 1603.

C

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)
Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- Sir Edward Poynings in Ireland, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Why he was sent to Ireland.
  - (ii) What he did in Ireland.
  - (iii) Poyning's mission success or failure?
- Henry VIII and Ireland, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Surrender and Regrant.
  - (iii) The Reformation Parliament, 1536 1537.
  - (iii) The Dissolution of the Monasteries.
- Ireland under Edward VI, (1547 1553), and Queen Mary, (1553 – 1558).

- **4.** The Reformation in Ireland during the reign of Elizabeth I, 1558 1603.
- **5.** The Nine Years War, 1594 1603, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Causes of the War.
  - (ii) The course of the War.
  - (iii) Why O'Neill and O'Donnell were defeated.
- **6.** James I (1603 1625) and Ireland, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Why the accession of James I to the throne was welcomed in Ireland.
  - (ii) The Ulster Plantation.
  - (iii) Chichester's Parliament, 1613 1615.

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- Mention ONE way in which Henry the Navigator promoted geographical discovery.
- 2. What was a caravelle?
- Mention ONE way in which Savonarola attempted to change life in Florence.
- **4.** Why were patrons important during the Renaissance?
- Mention ONE way in which Erasmus drew attention to abuses in the Church.
- **6.** Why did many German princes support Luther?
- 7. What foreign power was involved in the Sack of Rome, 1527?
- 8. Name ONE Renaissance artist from outside of Italy.

- **9.** Who were the *Janissaries*?
- **10.** What was the result of the Battle of Lepanto, 1571?
- **11.** Mention ONE achievement of Czar Ivan IV of Russia (Ivan the Terrible).
- **12.** Name ONE group of people involved in the massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day, 1572.
- **13.** What was the main importance of Antwerp during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries?
- 14. Mention ONE cause of the Thirty Years' War.
- 15. With what field of human endeavour do you associate ONE of the following: Nicholas Copernicus; Galileo Galilei; William Caxton?

Ε

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. The fall of Constantinople, 1453.
- **2.** The impact of the development of printing on Europe.
- 3. An account of ONE of the voyages of exploration during the period, 1453 1618.
- **4.** Why Martin Luther rebelled against the Papacy.
- 5. Queen Elizabeth I of England, 1558 1603.
- **6.** Henry IV of France, 1589 1610.

F

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes)
Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- 1. Ferdinand and Isabella of Spain.
- **2.** Painting and sculpture of the Italian Renaissance.
- Calvinism under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Calvin's life and religious ideas before he settled in Geneva.
  - (ii) Life in Calvin's Geneva.
  - (iii) The spread of Calvinism.
- **4.** Charles V, Holy Roman Emperor, 1519 1555, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) His efforts to stop the spread of Protestantism.
  - (ii) Problems with the Empire.
  - (iii) The internal affairs of Spain.

- **5.** The Counter-Reformation under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) The need for reform of the Catholic Church.
  - (ii) The Council of Trent.
  - (iii) The Society of Jesus (Jesuits).
- **6.** The Revolt in the Netherlands under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) The causes of the revolt.
  - (ii) Social and economic effects of the revolt.
  - (iii) The involvement of other countries in the revolt.

## OURSE II

# **Contemporary Civilisation**

(Irish History, 1868-1966; European History, 1870-1966) Answer ALL the questions A,B,C,D,E,F.

A, B and C refer to Irish history; D, E and F to European history.

### Α

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- 1. Mention ONE way in which Gladstone's Irish Church Act, which became law on 26 July, 1869, affected the Church of Ireland.
- 2. Mention ONE provision of Gladstone's Land Act,
- 3. Why did Irish nationalists refer to Arthur Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, 1887 - 1891, as Bloody
- Mention TWO activities of the Congested Districts 4. Board.
- 5. Mention ONE way in which Michael Cusack contributed to the revival of Irish traditional games.
- 6. Mention ONE proposal made by Arthur Griffith in his pamphlet The Resurrection of Hungary (1904).
- Write down ONE historical fact about Sir Edward 7. Carson.
- 8. Mention ONE achievement of the Cumann na nGaedheal government, 1922 - 1932

- Why was The Irish Press / Sgéala Éireann set up in
- Why is Eoin O'Duffy important in Irish history? 10.
- Give ONE reason for the outbreak of the Economic 11. War.
- Mention ONE way in which Northern Ireland was 12. affected by World War II, 1939 – 1945.
- 13. Name ONE person who held the office of President of Ireland (Uactharán na hÉireann) between 1937 and 1966.
- 14. With which field of human endeavour do you associate each of TWO of the following: Kathleen Clarke; Countess Markievicz; Iris Kellett; Sybil Conolly?
- Mention TWO measures taken by Irish governments, 15. 1922 – 1966, to advance the Irish language.

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes) Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- Industrial development in Northern Ireland up to 1914. 1.
- 2. The Plan of Campaign.
- How the Gaelic League set about achieving its aims 3. from 1893 to 1916.
- Irish neutrality during World War II, 1939 1945. 4.
- 5. The First Inter-Party Government, 1948 - 1951.
- ONE of the followina: 6. John Devoy; Sir Horace Plunkett; Lady Augusta Gregory; Kevin Barry; James Larkin; Dr. Noel Browne.

C

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes) Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- Michael Davitt. 1
- 2. The Home Rule movement, 1870 - 1914, under EACH of the following headings:
  - The leadership of Isaac Butt. (i)
  - The leadership of C. S. Parnell.
  - The fortunes of the Home Rule movement from the fall of Parnell to the outbreak of World War I.
- 3. The Easter Rising, 1916.

- 4. Ireland, 1919 - 1923, under EACH of the following headings:
  - The first meeting of Dáil Éireann, 21 January, (i) 1919.
  - The Treaty Debates in Dáil Éireann, December 1921 - January 1922.
  - The Civil War in Ireland, 1922 1923.
- 5. Economic History, 1922 - 1966, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Cumann na nGaedheal's handling of the economy, 1922 – 1932. Ireland during World War II, 1939 - 1945.

  - The fortunes of the economy under Seán (iii) Lemass as Taoiseach, 1959 – 1966.
- Northern Ireland, 1920 1966. 6.

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- Mention ONE problem facing the new Italian state after 1870.
- Mention ONE action taken by Bismarck to halt the advance of socialism in Germany.
- 3. Why was Alfred Dreyfus important in the history of France?
- 4. Why was the launching of the *Dreadnought*, 1906, important?
- Mention TWO advances in communications during the period, 1870 – 1914.
- Mention ONE advantage enjoyed by Stalin in the struggle for power in the U.S.S.R. after the death of Lenin.
- Give ONE reason why it was possible for Hitler to come to power in Germany.
- Mention ONE weakness of the League of Nations.

- Mention ONE reason why the Nationalist forces under Franco won the Spanish Civil War.
- **10.** What was *appeasement* as pursued by the British government during the 1930s?
- 11. What was the Marshall Plan?
- 12. What was the Berlin Crisis, 1948?
- **13.** Mention ONE achievement of Konrad Adenauer, Chancellor of West Germany, 1948 1964.
- **14.** Mention ONE reason for Khrushchev's fall from power in the U.S.S.R., 1964.
- 15. With which field of human endeavour do you associate EACH of TWO of the following: Vincent van Gogh; Alfred Krupp; Emmeline Pankhurst; Sigmund Freud; Yuri Gagarin; Ludwig Erhard.

Ε

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)
Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. The Franco-Prussian War, 1870 1871.
- 2. Bismarck's relations with the Catholic Church.
- How the Versailles Settlement, 1919, changed the political map of Europe.
- **4.** The principal characteristics of Italian Fascism.
- 5. D Day, 6 June, 1944 (Normandy landings).
- 6. The Hungarian Rising, 1956.

F

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes)
Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- The Eastern Question under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) What was the Eastern Question?
  - (iii) How the Congress of Berlin, 1878, dealt with the Eastern Question.
  - (iii) How the Eastern Question contributed to the outbreak of World War I.
- **2.** Europeans and Africa, 1870 1914, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Why Europeans were drawn to Africa.
  - (iii) The European countries involved and the territories acquired.
  - (iii) How the coming of Europeans affected the native peoples of Africa.
- 3. Warfare on the Western Front, 1914 1918.

- 4. Lenin (Vladimir Ilyich Ulyanov).
- Relations between Nazi Germany and other European countries from 1933, when Hitler came to power, to 1941, when Germany invaded the U.S.S.R.
- **6.** Europe, 1945 1966, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) The problems facing European countries in 1945.
  - (ii) Decolonisation, 1945 1966 (the withdrawal of European countries from their colonies overseas).
  - (iii) The movement towards European unity, 1945 1966.