

LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2005

# **HISTORY - ORDINARY LEVEL**

(400 marks)

WEDNESDAY, 15 JUNE - AFTERNOON, 2.00 TO 5.20

Answer from ONE COURSE ONLY (Course I or Course II).

The recommended maximum time for each question should be taken to include time for reading and revision.

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## COURSE I

### Renaissance Civilisation (Irish History, 1477 - 1625; European History, 1453 - 1618)

Answer ALL the questions A,B,C,D,E,F.

**A,B** and **C** refer to Irish History; **D,E** and **F** to European History.

#### Α

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- 1. Why did people living in the Pale in early Tudor Ireland pay "Black Rent"?
- 2. Explain **one** of the following terms from Gaelic Ireland: derbfine; fosterage; kern; tanist.
- Mention one abuse in the Church in Ireland before the Reformation.
- Give one reason why Anne Boleyn was so hostile to Garret Óg Fitzgerald, 9<sup>th</sup> Earl of Kildare.
- 5. Explain **one** method by which the Tudors planned to anglicise Ireland.
- 6. Why were Irish colleges set up on the European continent in the late 16<sup>th</sup> century?
- 7. How did Richard Boyle succeed in amassing a fortune in Ireland?
- 8. What reason did Lord Deputy Perrot have for kidnapping Red Hugh O'Donnell in 1587?

- 9. Who were the victors at the battle of the Yellow Ford, 1598?
- 10. What are the Annals of the Four Masters?
- 11. Mention the connection between Sir Walter Raleigh and Munster.
- 12. Why was the coming of power of James I in 1603 generally welcomed in Ireland?
- 13. How was Ireland affected by the Gunpowder Plot, 1605?
- 14. What does the phrase "The Flight of the Earls" refer to?
- 15. With which field of human endeavour do you associate **one** of the following: Margaret Butler, Countess of Ormond; Sir William Skeffington; Fr David Wolfe; Grace O'Malley; Peter Lombard; Richard Stanihurst.

В

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- The Pretenders: Lambert Simnel and Perkin Warbeck.
- 2. The file in sixteenth-century Ireland.
- 3. The Reformation Parliament, 1536-1537.
- 4. Surrender and regrant.
- 5. The Composition of Connaught, 1585.
- 6. The Treaty of Mellifont, 1603.

С

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes)
Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- 1. Garret Óg Fitzgerald, 9<sup>th</sup> Earl of Kildare.
- 2. The Pale, circa 1500.
- 3. Queen Mary Tudor's political and religious policies in Ireland, 1553 1558.
- 4. Shane O'Neill under **each** of the following headings:
  - (i) How he became powerful.
  - (ii) His visit to the court of Queen Elizabeth I.
  - (iii) His downfall.

- 5. The Munster rebellions, 1569 1583.
- 6. The Plantation of Ulster under **each** of the following headings:
  - (i) Reasons for the plantation.
  - (ii) How the plantation was carried out.
  - (iii) The results of the plantation.

OR

A topic in Irish History, 1477 – 1625, which is **not listed** in Sections B and C.

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- 1. How was the Holy Roman Emperor chosen?
- Name the two main rival families in the Wars of the Roses.
- 3. Who were the *conversos* in sixteenth-century Spain?
- 4. Mention the main purpose of John Tetzel's work in Germany.
- 5. Why did many German princes support Martin Luther?
- 6. Who wrote The Prince and what was it about?
- 7. What was the principal purpose of the Council of Trent?
- 8. Give **one** reason for the massacre on Saint Bartholomew's day in France, 1572.

- 9. Mention the purpose of the Janissaries.
- 10. What was the result of the Battle of Lepanto, 1571?
- 11. Explain why Venice declined as a centre of trade in the late 16<sup>th</sup> century.
- 12. Mention **one** reason why Sir Francis Drake is important in English history.
- 13. State **one** reason why the price of goods rose significantly in sixteenth-century Europe.
- 14. Mention **one** important scientific discovery made during the period, 1453-1618.
- 15. With which field of human endeavour do you associate one of the following: Thomas More; Albrecht Dürer; Lady Jane Grey; Miguel de Cervantes; Francis Xavier; Catherine de Medici.

Ε

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. Desiderius Erasmus.
- 2. The Conquistadores.
- 3. Ignatius Loyola.

- 4. England during the reign of Edward VI 1547-1553.
- 5. The Edict of Nantes, 1598.
- 6. The rise of Moscow in the 16<sup>th</sup> century.

F

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes)

Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- 1. Francis I, King of France, 1515 1547.
- 2. The age of exploration under **each** of the following headings:
  - (i) Reasons for the voyages of exploration.
  - (ii) Improvements in navigation.
  - (iii) Portugese voyages of exploration.
- 3. The contribution of Jean Calvin, 1504 1564, to the Reformation under **each** of the following headings:
  - (i) His principal religious teachings.
  - (ii) The years in Geneva.
  - (iii) The spread of Calvinism.

- 4. Charles V, Holy Roman Emperor, 1519 1555.
- 5. England during the reign of Elizabeth I, 1558 1603.
- 6. The revolt in the Netherlands under **each** of the following headings:
  - (i) The causes of the revolt.
  - (ii) Social and economic effects of the revolt.
  - (iii) The involvement of other countries in the revolt.

OR

A topic in European History, 1453 - 1618, which is **not listed** in Sections E and F.

#### **COURSE II**

### **Contemporary Civilisation**

## (Irish History, 1868-1966; European History, 1870-1966)

Answer ALL the questions A,B,C,D,E,F.

**A,B** and **C** refer to Irish History; **D,E** and **F** to European History.

#### Δ

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- Why did W.E. Gladstone disestablish the Church of Ireland in 1869?
- What does the phrase the ""the three Fs" refer to?
- 3. Mention **one** way in which Michael Cusack helped the revival of Irish games.
- 4. What were the Pigott forgeries, 1887?
- 5. Give **two** reasons why Unionists opposed Home Rule during the period, 1886 1914.
- 6. Mention **one** policy of Sinn Féin at the time of its founding by Arthur Griffith in 1905.
- 7. Why did John Millington Synge's play "The Playboy of the Western World" cause a riot in Dublin in 1907?
- 8. What was "The Dublin Lock-out" in 1913?

- 9. Explain the significance of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920.
- 10. Give **one** reason why the Anglo-Irish Treaty (December 6, 1921) was opposed.
- 11. Explain the significance of the Statute of Westminster, 1931.
- 12. Mention **one** provision of the Constitution, Bunreacht na hÉireann, 1937.
- 13. Mention **one** measure taken by the government, in the years 1939 1945, to maintain Irish neutrality.
- 14. Explain why Ireland's application to join the E.E.C. in 1961 was unsuccessful.
- 15. With which field of human endeavour do you associate **one** of the following: Countess Markievicz; James Joyce; Eoin O'Duffy; Maureen O'Hara; Séamus Ennis; Jack Lynch.

В

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. Isaac Butt.
- 2. The Gaelic League

**OR** 

The G.A.A.

- 3. The Irish Civil War, 1922 1923.
- 4. The "Shannon Scheme" at Ardnacrusha.
- 5. Ireland during World War II.
- 6. Séan Lemass as Taoiseach.

C

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes) Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- 1. The land question under **each** of the following headings:
  - (i) Michael Davitt and the Land League.
  - (ii) Gladstone and the land question.
  - (iii) Conservative governments and the land question.
- Unionist opposition to Home Rule up to 1914.
- The Easter Rising, 1916.

- 4. Cumann na nGaedheal, 1922 1932.
- 5. James Craig, Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, 1921 1940.
- 6. The first inter-party Government, 1948 1951.

OR

A topic in Irish History, 1868 - 1966, which is **not listed** in Sections B and C.

#### D

## (Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- 1. Mention **one** reform introduced in Great Britain during the period, 1870 1914.
- 2. Mention **one** industry that was prominent in Germany during the period, 1870 1914.
- 3. What was the Fashoda Incident, 1898?
- 4. Give **one** reason why Russia lost the Russo-Japanese War, 1904 1905.
- 5. Mention **one** development in communication during the period, 1870 1914.
- 6. Why did the U.S.A. enter World War I in 1917?
- 7. Explain **one** of Woodrow Wilson's *Fourteen Points*.
- 8. Give **one** reason why there was inflation in Weimar Germany in the early 1920s.

- 9. Explain briefly Stalin's policy of collectivisation.
- 10. What happened in Germany on the "Night of the Long Knives" (June 1934)?
- 11. Explain the significance of the Nazi-Soviet Non-Aggression pact, 1939.
- 12. Name **two** allies of Germany during World War II.
- 13. What was the Berlin Blockade, 1948?
- 14. Mention **one** reason for Nikita Khrushchev's fall in the U.S.S.R., 1964.
- 15. With which field of human endeavour do you associate **one** of the following: Cecil Rhodes; Alexander Fleming; Amelia Earhart; Vera Lynn; Alfred Hitchcock; Matt Busby.

Ε

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- Bismarck and the Catholic Church.
- 2. The Dreyfus Affair in France.
- 3. Nazi propaganda in Germany.
- 4. General Francisco Franco.

5. The Battle of Britain.

OR

D - Day.

6. Charles de Gaulle.

F

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes)
Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- 1. The Eastern Question, 1870 1914, under **each** of the following headings:
  - (i) The main elements of the Eastern question.
  - (ii) How the Congress of Berlin dealt with the Eastern question.
  - (iii) How the Eastern question contributed to the outbreak of World War I, 1914.
- 2. The scramble by European powers for overseas colonies in the period, 1870 –1914.
- World War I under **each** of the following headings:
  - (i) The Western front.
  - (ii) The Eastern front.
  - (iii) The war at sea.

- 4. The revolutions in Russia in 1917.
- 5. Benito Mussolini.
- 6. Moves towards European unity, 1945-1966.

OR

A topic in European History, 1870 – 1966, which is **not listed** in Sections E and F.

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