

### Leaving Certificate Examination, 2012

### **Design & Communication Graphics** Ordinary Level Sections B and C (180 marks)

Wednesday, 20 June Afternoon, 2.00 - 5.00

#### This examination is divided into three sections:

SECTION A(Core - Short Questions)SECTION B(Core - Long Questions)SECTION C(Applied Graphics - Long Questions)

SECTION A	<ul> <li>Four questions are presented.</li> <li>Answer any three on the accompanying A3 examination paper.</li> <li>All questions in Section A carry 20 marks each.</li> </ul>

- Three questions are presented.
- **SECTION B** Answer **any two** on drawing paper.
  - All questions in Section B carry **45 marks** each.

Five questions are presented.
SECTION C
Answer any two (i.e. the options you have studied) on drawing paper.
All questions in Section C carry 45 marks each.

#### **General Instructions:**

- Construction lines must be shown on all solutions.
- Write the question number distinctly on the answer paper in Sections B and C.
- Work on one side of the drawing paper only.
- All dimensions are given in metres or millimetres.
- Write your Examination number in the box provided on section A and on all other sheets used.

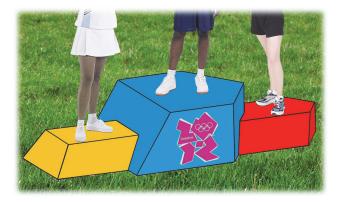
### **SECTION B - Core**

#### Answer Any Two questions from this section on drawing paper

**B-1.** The 3D graphic on the right shows a design for a podium for this year's Olympic Games.

Fig. B-1 below shows the plan and elevation of the podium.

- (a) Draw the given plan and elevation of the podium and show all lines of interpenetration.
- (b) Draw an end view of the podium.





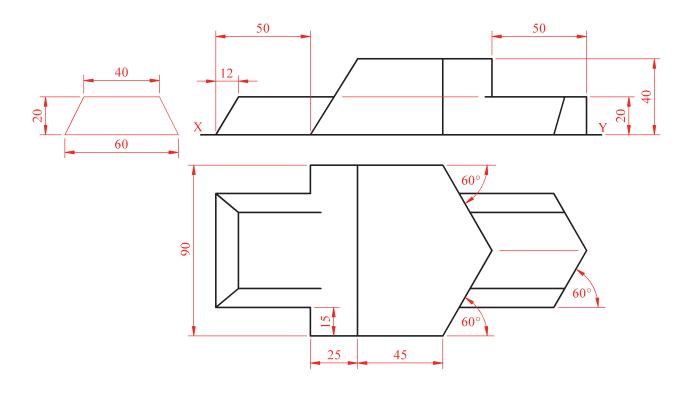


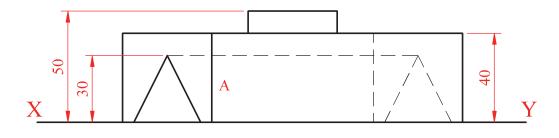
Fig. B-1

**B-2.** The 3D graphic on the right shows a table tennis table.

Fig. B-2 below shows the plan and elevation of a model of the table and net.

- (a) Draw the given plan.
- (b) Make a perspective drawing of the structure given the following:
  - The spectator point is 70mm from corner A
  - The picture plane is touching corner **A**
  - The horizon line is 80mm above the ground line.





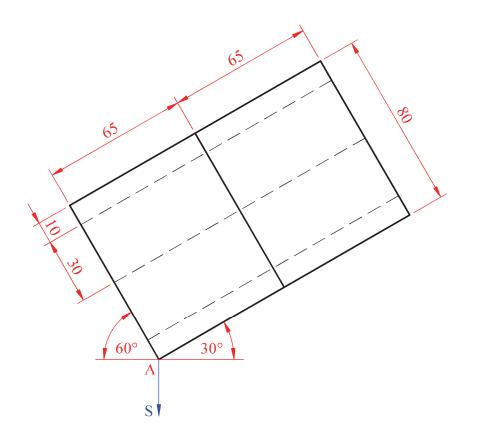


Fig. B-2

**B-3.** The 3D graphic on the right shows an MP3 player docking station.

Fig. B-3 below shows an isometric view of the device.

(a) Draw an elevation of the device looking in the direction of the arrow.

(*Note:* Only the docking station needs to be drawn. The MP3 player, shown in the 3D graphic should be ignored.)

- (b) Draw a plan projected from the elevation.
- (c) Draw an auxiliary elevation of the *device*, projected from the plan, which will include the true shape of surface **A**.





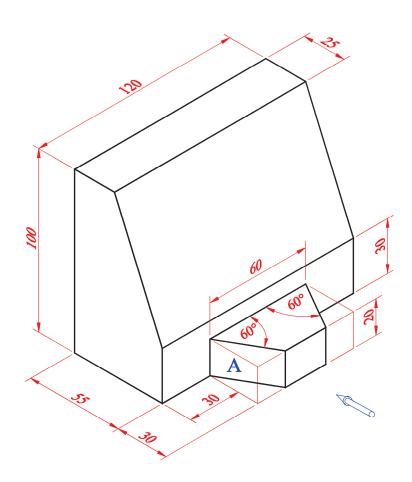


Fig. B-3

### **SECTION C - Applied Graphics**

Answer **Any Two** questions (i.e. the options you have studied) from this section on drawing paper

### **Geologic Geometry**

- C-1. The accompanying map, located on the back page of Section A, shows ground contours at five metre vertical intervals.
  - (a) On the drawing supplied, draw a vertical section (profile) on the line AB.
  - (b) It is proposed to use the valley at V as a reservoir for the generation of hydro-electricity. Draw a line on the profile to indicate the maximum depth of water this valley will hold.
  - (c) CD is the centreline of a proposed roadway which is level at an altitude of 75m.

Using side slopes of 1 in 1 for the embankments, complete the earthworks on the northern side, that are necessary to accommodate the roadway.

(*Note: The earthworks on the southern side of the roadway have already been completed.*)

#### **Structural Forms**

**C-2.** The 3-D graphic on the right shows an Irish hotel with a modern roof structure.

Hyperbolic paraboloid surfaces are often used in structures such as this.

Fig. C-2 below shows the plan and elevation of a typical hyperbolic paraboloid surface **ABCD**.

- (a) Draw the given plan and elevation of the hyperbolic paraboloid surface.
- (b) Project an end view of the hyperbolic paraboloid surface.



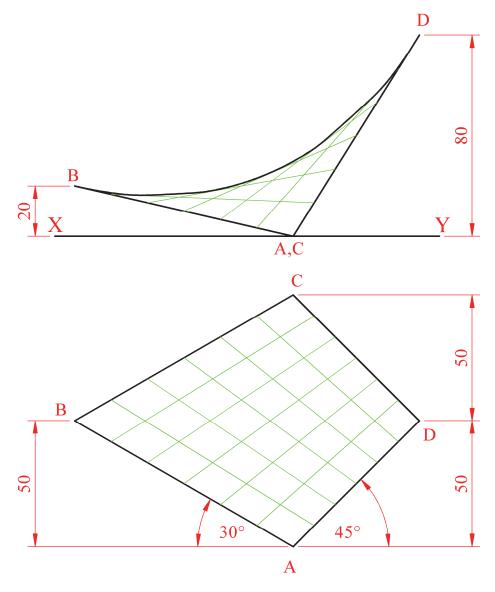


Fig. C-2

#### **Surface Geometry**

**C-3.** The 3D graphic on the right shows a design for a sweet box.

The plan and elevation of the box are shown in Fig. C-3 below.

- (a) Draw the given views.
- (b) Draw a one-piece surface development of the box.

(The 3D graphic shows text and a clear window opening, which should be ignored for the purpose of your drawing.)



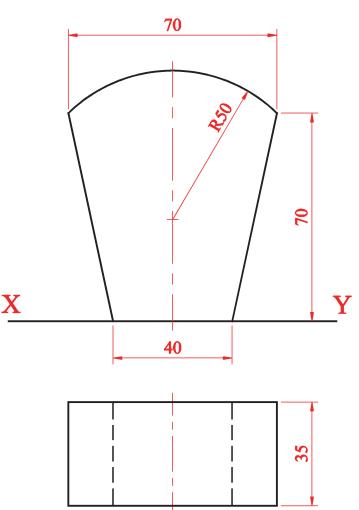


Fig. C-3

#### **Dynamic Mechanisms**

C-4. (a) The graphic on the right shows a cam which forms part of a quick release mechanism for a bicycle wheel.

A similar cam imparts this motion to a follower:

- $0^{\circ}$  to  $90^{\circ}$  Rise 60mm with uniform velocity
- $90^{\circ}$  to  $180^{\circ}$  Dwell
- 180° to 360° Fall 60mm with simple harmonic motion.

Draw the displacement diagram.

Note: It is not necessary to draw the profile of the cam.

Scale 1:1



(b) The graphic on the left below shows a waterslide which is in the form of a helix.

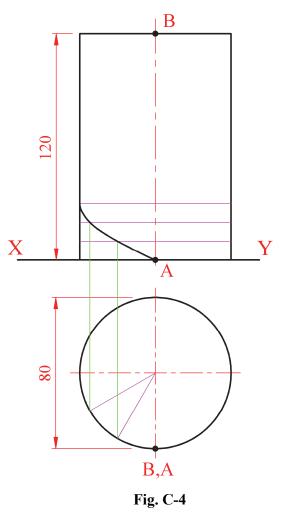
Fig C-4 on the right shows the plan and elevation of a partially completed helix.

The helix moves from point A at the bottom of the cylinder, to point B at the top of the cylinder, in one revolution.

Draw the given plan and elevation of the cylinder and complete the remainder of the helix.





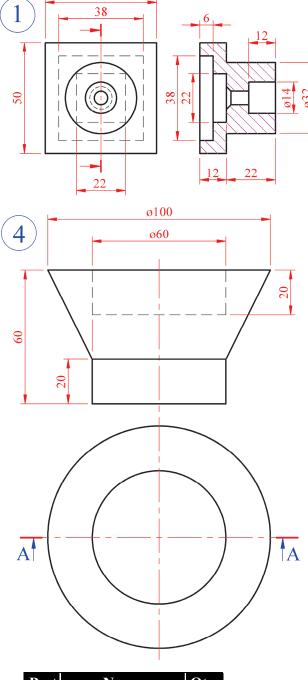


#### Assemblies

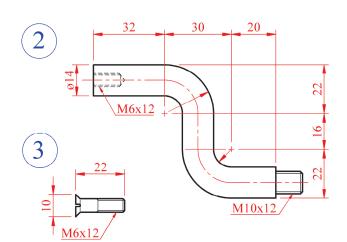
**C-5.** Details of a Soap Holder are given in Fig. C-5 with the parts list tabulated below. A 3D graphic of the individual parts is also shown.

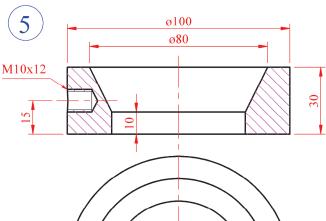
Note: Some of the parts have been shown when sectioned by plane A-A.Draw the sectional elevation A-A of the assembled Soap Holder.(Any omitted dimensions may be estimated.)Scale 1:1

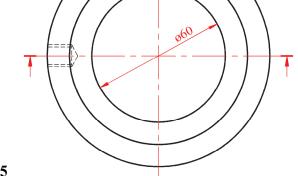




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Part	Name	Qty.
1	Wall Mount	1
2	Stem	1
3	Countersunk Screw	1
4	Soap Dish	1
5	Dish Support	1

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